

IOT Based Smart Shoe for The Blind People

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Abstract: In today's culture, blind people face major problems in maintaining their independence and safety. Traditional techniques of navigation and obstacle detection frequently require human aid, restricting the blind's autonomy. To address these challenges, we introduce the notion of an IoT-based smart shoe for the blind. This revolutionary idea seeks to empower blind people by providing real-time support in navigating their environment. Our smart shoe, which uses IoT and artificial intelligence technology, incorporates sensors, microcontrollers, and communication modules to identify obstructions and send audible or vibratory notifications to the user. Our technology improves the user's ability to recognize and avoid obstacles more accurately by enhancing movement. This technology aims to improve the blind community's freedom and quality of life by boosting mobility and lowering reliance on external help, as well as encouraging inclusivity and accessibility in society.

Keywords: Obstacle detection, Embedded C, Sensor, Microcontrollers.

I. INTRODUCTION

In today's world, where urban landscapes evolve rapidly, the difficulties faced by blind people remain significant barriers to their freedom and safety. Regardless of technological advancements, traditional methods for aiding blind people frequently fall short in providing comprehensive solutions to their mobility and awareness needs. The prevalence of visual impairment not only influences persons' everyday routines but also impairs their confidence and ability to navigate unfamiliar surroundings. With an estimated 253 million people worldwide living with vision impairment, innovative solutions are required to address these serious concerns. The project "IoT-based Smart Shoes for Blind People" intends to revolutionize the landscape of assistive equipment by harnessing Internet of Things (IoT) technology to build intelligent footwear tailored to the needs of blind people. By incorporating sensors and connectivity features into footwear, the initiative aims to enhance the autonomy and protection of blind people in their daily activities. Key objectives include real-time obstacle identification, environmental awareness, and personalized feedback methods.

The blind peoples faces obstacles rooted in traditional aids and manual assistance. The proposed solution offers a paradigm shift by effects on human and environment. Our harnessing IOT capabilities to provide real time alerts and navigational assistance to blind people. By employing sensors for obstacle detection and environmental monitoring, the smart shoes empower users to navigate their surroundings with greater confidence and independence. Moreover, the project addresses concerns related to security and privacy through the integration of IoT-based security features.

In summary, the IoT-based smart shoes for blind people project offers a significant leap in assisted automation, with the potential to modify the lives of blind people globally by embracing innovation and exploiting IoT capabilities. The action goals to better accessibility, protection, and freedom for blind people, permitting inclusivity and empowerment in a continuously expanding society.

II. LITERATURE REVIEW

IOT based Navigation Assistance for Visually impaired people proposed by M. Arunkumar and E. Lokesh [1], the authors introduce an innovative IoT-based smart shoe designed to facilitate independent travel, integrating an ultrasonic sensor and an Arduino UNO board. The shoe operates by detecting obstacles in the wearer's path, triggering a buzzing alert mechanism upon detection. This alert system provides immediate feedback to the wearer, effectively notifying them of potential obstacles in real-time, thus enhancing their situational awareness and aiding in safe navigation. The simplicity of the buzzer as the sole outcome of object detection underscores the device's practicality and user-friendly design, making it accessible and effective for individuals seeking assistance in navigating their surroundings independently.

The paper of P. Ebby Darney [2], This project employs an ultrasonic sensor to detect obstacles along a blind person's pathway, with a DC vibrator motor providing alerts upon obstacle detection. Additionally, GPS technology is utilized to track the location of the blind individual. However, relying solely on one sensor may result in a limited scanning method, potentially reducing the system's adaptability to different obstacles and environmental situations. To enhance flexibility and accuracy, future iterations could consider integrating multiple sensors, such as infrared or camera-based systems, alongside modern sensor fusion algorithms, enabling more comprehensive obstacle identifications and improving the overall effectiveness of the assistance system for blind individuals.

IOT -Based Smart Shoe for Blind proposed by Teja Chava [3], This paper aims to enhance the autonomy and safety of blind people by developing a device capable of detecting obstacles in their path. The device utilizes infrared (IR) sensors coupled with servo motors to scan the surrounding atmosphere for obstacles, maximizing coverage. However, it's essential to note that the IR sensor's signal range is constrained, potentially limiting accuracy over long distances or when obstructed by walls and other objects. Despite this limitation, the device represents a significant step towards empowering the blind to traverse their nearby environment independently and delicately.

In the study presented by Alessio Carullo [4], This paper presents an innovative ultrasonic sensor designed for calculating base length at specific points on a motor vehicle, utilizing a method that incorporates the frequency result of the ultrasonic transducer. The sensor achieves sub-wavelength detection capabilities. This advanced methodology enables precise and accurate distance measurements, enhancing the sensor's applicability and effectiveness in various automotive contexts.

In this paper presented by Yahya S.H. Khraisat [5], The paper presents a comprehensive overview of a GPS module designed for information collection from satellites and subsequent calculation of precise position information, leveraging advanced technology. This module offers users a seamless experience by harnessing the power of wireless communication through GSM. By integrating GPS functionality with GSM, the module ensures efficient transmission of accurate positioning data to a user's PC. This innovative approach not only enhances the reliability of the collected data but also optimizes the user experience by providing real-time location details. Furthermore, the paper delves into the intricate details of the GPS module's operation, elucidating its robust capabilities in satellite information acquisition and precise position calculation.

III. PROPOSED METHEDODOLOGY

Revolutionizing assistance for blind persons, our innovative IoT-based smart shoes employ cutting-edge technology to enhance safety and independence. Utilizing an Arduino Uno microcontroller as a backbone, our system integrates a multitude of sensors, including ultrasonic, LDR, and fire sensors, alongside an LCD display and GPS module. The ultrasonic sensor serves a dual purpose, enabling both intruder detection and obstacle avoidance, while a piercing buzzer alerts the wearer to potential dangers. Weather conditions are seamlessly monitored via the LDR sensor, ensuring users are prepared for any environmental changes. Additionally, voice feedback provided by the APR33AR module offers real-time updates on surroundings, empowering persons to traverse confidently. With our smart shoes, the precise location of the wearer is always within reach, offering unparalleled peace of mind and security as shown in Fig. 1.

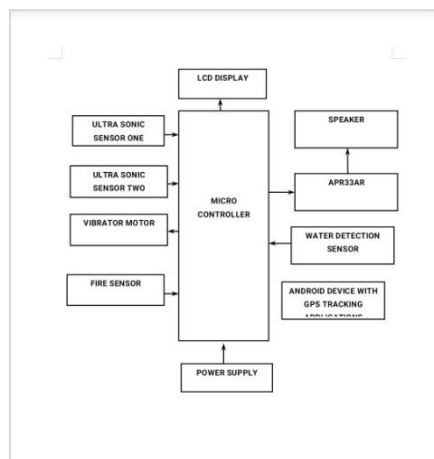


Fig. 1 Block Diagram of Proposed System

Working of the proposed system is divided into three major parts:

- i) Input stage
- ii) Control Stage
- iii) Output Stage

➤ **Input Stage :**

The system integrates a pair of HC-SR04 ultrasonic sensors, strategically employed to discern obstacles obstructing the path of a visually impaired individual. Augmenting this capability, a water sensor, discreetly affixed to the underside of the shoe, serves to promptly identify the presence of water along the blind person's route. Furthermore, the user is furnished with the ability to discern both fire hazards and prevailing weather conditions, ensuring heightened awareness and safety.

In summary, this innovative solution combines state-of-the-art sensor technology, including HC-SR04 ultrasonics and a dedicated water sensor, to enhance the navigational experience of visually impaired individuals. With the added functionality of fire and weather detection, this system offers comprehensive support, empowering users with greater independence and security in their daily lives.

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➤ **Control Stage:**

The system comprises an arduino microcontroller, which interfaces with an ultrasonic sensor to ascertain obstacle distances. Leveraging its built-in comparator, the microcontroller contrasts these distances against a predefined reference distance, promptly flagging any disparities as errors. Concurrently, the microcontroller is attuned to signals from a water sensor. Programmed with precision, it promptly triggers vibrating motors and an apr33ar module should the detected error exceed a predetermined tolerance threshold. This astute design not only ensures real-time error detection but also facilitates proactive response measures, enhancing the safety and autonomy of visually impaired individuals. Moreover, the system extends its functionality to include live location tracking, empowering caretakers with invaluable insights into the blind persons whereabouts. By seamlessly integrating location tracking capabilities, it affords caretakers the ability to remotely monitor the individuals movements in real-time, fostering a heightened sense of security and enabling swift assistance whenever necessary. In essence, this multifaceted system amalgamates cutting-edge technology with practical solutions, embodying a holistic approach to enhancing the independence and well-being of visually impaired individuals while providing peace of mind to their caretakers.

➤ **Output Stage:**

The project integrates a dynamic system comprising a dual-coin vibrating motor controlled by a microcontroller. This innovative setup responds to signals received by the microcontroller, facilitating versatile functionality. Alongside this, the AAPR33AR module enriches the user experience by delivering voice output upon detection of objects via ultrasonic sensors. Moreover, the inclusion of water sensors enhances safety measures by promptly detecting water presence, ensuring timely interventions. Furthermore, the LDR sensor provides valuable insights into weather conditions, offering real-time data for informed decision-making. Additionally, the incorporation of a fire sensor adds another layer of security, promptly detecting any signs of fire and triggering appropriate responses. This amalgamation of cutting-edge technology ensures a comprehensive and responsive system capable of addressing diverse scenarios efficiently.

In summary, the project harnesses the synergy of various sensors and actuators to create a sophisticated system. The integration of a microcontroller orchestrates the seamless operation of a dual-coin vibrating motor, responding intelligently to incoming signals. Furthermore, the inclusion of the APR33AR module enriches user interaction by providing voice feedback upon object detection via ultrasonic sensors. Moreover, the system's robustness is augmented by water sensors, LDR sensors, and fire sensors, which collectively offer comprehensive monitoring capabilities. Through this holistic approach, the project not only showcases technical prowess but also underscores its practical utility in enhancing safety, convenience, and efficiency across diverse applications.

**IV. CONCLUSION AND FUTURE DIRECTIONS**

In our paper, we present a novel system designed to aid visually impaired individuals in navigating their surroundings independently by detecting barriers and providing alerts via a buzzer. Additionally, our system facilitates caretakers in monitoring the user's movements. We outline the objectives of our system, detailing the anticipated outputs for each objective to demonstrate its effectiveness in enhancing the autonomy and safety of blind individuals while providing caregivers with valuable oversight.

V. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

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