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CRITICAL REVIEW OF RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION METHODS IN FINANCIAL SERVICE INDUSTRY

Leo Leninn J¹, Dr. Kabirdoss Devi*²

II MBA, Department of Management Studies, School of Management Studies,

Vels Institute of Science Technology and Advanced Studies (VISTAS) Pallavaram, Chennai¹

Associate Professor, Department of Management Studies, School of Management Studies,

Vels Institute of Science Technology and Advanced Studies (VISTAS) Pallavaram, Chennai²

*Corresponding Author

Abstract:Recruitment and selection are critical processes within human resource management that significantly influence organizational performance and success. The evolution of recruitment methods, driven by technological advancements and changing workforce expectations, necessitates an in-depth examination of contemporary practices. This study critically evaluates various recruitment and selection techniques employed by Computer Age Management Services, focusing on traditional methods and modern innovations like AI-driven hiring and psychometric testing. Using quantitative data collected from a sample of fifty participants and analyzed through statistical tools, the research identifies the effectiveness, challenges, and impacts of different methods on organizational success. Findings highlight significant correlations between recruitment practices and organizational outcomes, suggesting the need for strategic, ethical, and technologically adaptive hiring approaches. The study concludes by emphasizing best practices for recruitment and suggesting areas for future research to optimize talent acquisition.

Keywords: Recruitment Methods, Selection Techniques, Human Resource Management, AI in Hiring, Organizational Performance.

I.INTRODUCTION

Recruitment and selection represent essential pillars in human resource management, directly shaping an organization's ability to attract and retain top talent. As the corporate landscape becomes increasingly competitive, the processes through which organizations identify, evaluate, and hire candidates must evolve accordingly. Recruitment methods such as job advertisements, employee referrals, interviews, psychometric tests, and assessment centers have long been utilized; however, the advent of artificial intelligence and the growing emphasis on diversity and inclusion have introduced new complexities. At Computer Age Management Services a leading financial infrastructure and technology provider, recruitment plays a pivotal role in maintaining operational excellence and industry leadership. The problem addressed by this study is the lack of critical evaluation of traditional and modern recruitment methods and their real-world effectiveness in organizational settings. The primary objective of this research is to assess various recruitment and selection techniques, examining their strengths, weaknesses, and impacts on organizational performance. Specific objectives include comparing traditional and contemporary methods, analyzing the role of technology, assessing ethical considerations, and exploring implications for employee retention and satisfaction. This study holds significance as it aims to bridge the knowledge gap in understanding how evolving recruitment practices influence organizational outcomes, particularly in technology-driven financial services. Theoretical frameworks guiding this research include competency-based selection models and human capital theory, which emphasize aligning talent acquisition with strategic organizational goals.

Research Problem

Recruitment and selection play a vital role in shaping organizational success, yet many companies still depend on outdated methods that fail to meet the demands of a changing workforce and advancing technologies. Although new tools like artificial intelligence and digital assessments are available, challenges such as bias, inefficiency, and poor job-candidate fit persist. There is also a lack of research on the real-world effectiveness of these methods, especially in dynamic sectors like financial services.

412



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This study addresses the need to critically assess various recruitment and selection practices at Computer Age Management Services to determine their impact on organizational performance and suggest improvements for future hiring strategies.

Objective

- To compare traditional and modern recruitment and selection methods, identifying their advantages, limitations, and impact on organizational success.
- **To examine the role of technology**, such as artificial intelligence and data analytics, in enhancing the efficiency, accuracy, and fairness of hiring practices.
- To assess the influence of recruitment and selection practices on employee retention, job satisfaction, and the overall organizational culture.
- To explore legal, ethical, and diversity considerations in recruitment and selection processes, ensuring fairness, transparency, and inclusiveness in hiring decisions.

Research Questions

- 1. How effective are traditional recruitment and selection methods in meeting the talent needs of organizations today?
- 2. In what ways has technology, particularly artificial intelligence and data analytics, transformed recruitment and selection practices?
- 3. What is the relationship between recruitment and selection methods and employee outcomes such as retention, job satisfaction, and performance?
- 4. How do organizations address ethical concerns, biases, and diversity issues within their recruitment and selection processes?
- 5. What improvements or new strategies can organizations adopt to optimize their recruitment and selection outcomes in a rapidly changing business environment?

Significance of the study

This study highlights the critical role of recruitment and selection in shaping organizational success. It examines both traditional and modern hiring methods, emphasizing the need for fairness, efficiency, and adaptability. Focusing on Computer Age Management Services, it offers practical insights into improving employee retention and workforce quality. The research stresses the importance of adopting technology-driven, ethical hiring practices. It ultimately contributes to building diverse, resilient, and high-performing organizations

II.LITERATURE REVIEW

The literature highlights the significant transformation in recruitment and selection methods over recent years. Traditional practices such as job advertisements, employee referrals, and face-to-face interviews have been widely used but often criticized for inefficiency and potential biases (Chiehiura, 2016; Rozario, 2019). Modern approaches now incorporate artificial intelligence (AI) tools, social media recruitment, psychometric assessments, and gamification techniques, offering faster, more data-driven decision-making (Smith, 2023; Kumar, 2019). Studies like Patel (2022) and Nikolaou (2021) show that social platforms such as LinkedIn and AI-powered applicant tracking systems have widened talent pools and improved candidate matching, yet ethical concerns, including data privacy and algorithmic bias, remain critical issues. Researchers such as Zhang (2023) emphasize the growing importance of structured interviews, blind recruitment, and diverse hiring panels to promote fairness and inclusion. Meanwhile, Haido (2024) and Wilson (2023) focus on the role of big data and analytics in enhancing recruitment effectiveness while warning of potential misuse of sensitive candidate information. Additionally, the COVID-19 pandemic accelerated the adoption of virtual hiring processes, as noted by D. Yusuf Haji Othman (2021), bringing both efficiency and new challenges related to digital access and candidate evaluation. Despite these advancements, gaps persist, particularly regarding the long-term impacts of digital recruitment tools on employee retention, organizational culture, and SMEs' adaptation strategies. Overall, the literature suggests that an integrated, ethical, and technology-supported recruitment framework is essential for building effective and resilient workforces in a rapidly changing global environment.

Research Gap

Most studies focus on large organizations, ignoring SMEs and emerging markets. Long-term effects of AI and digital hiring on diversity and retention are underexplored. Few studies integrate ethics, candidate experience, and technology into one framework. Remote work and gig economy hiring challenges are not sufficiently addressed.



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III.RESEARCH METHODOLOG

Research Design This study employs a Descriptive Research Design. Sampling Technique This study employs a Census method Data Analysis tools. Specifying tools like

- Demographic percentage
- ANOVA
- Correlation test

Tools Used

- Software: SPSS
- Statistical Techniques: Descriptive statistical, correlation, ANOVA.

Ethical Considerations

All participants provided informed consent. Responses were anonymous and confidential.

IV.RESULTS

	Ν	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Std. Deviation	
TOTDQ1	50	3.00	9.00	6.2400	1.53277	
TOTRST	50	5.00	19.00	9.1000	3.01865	
TOTCERT	50	8.00	22.00	15.3000	2.99148	
TOTHPC	50	5.00	22.00	11.8600	2.64197	
TOTJSOC	50	5.00	16.00	10.5000	2.01271	
TOTLED	50	6.00	21.00	12.4200	3.33864	
Valid N (listwise)	50					

The descriptive statistics reveal that participants generally had moderately positive perceptions regarding various aspects of recruitment and selection. The mean score for recruitment quality (TOTDQ1) was 6.24, suggesting a fair level of satisfaction among respondents, with a moderate spread in opinions. Recruitment strategy effectiveness (TOTRST) and the importance of certifications (TOTCERT) had higher mean scores of 9.10 and 15.30, respectively, indicating that these aspects are considered relatively important. Hiring process challenges (TOTHPC) and job socialization (TOTJSOC) both reflected moderate satisfaction, with mean values of 11.86 and 10.50, and relatively consistent responses among participants. Leadership development opportunities post-recruitment (TOTLED) had a mean of 12.42, though with greater variability, suggesting mixed views. Overall, the results indicate a generally positive experience with recruitment processes, with some areas showing more diverse opinions among participants.

The correlation analysis reveals several important relationships among the variables. TOTRST (recruitment strategy effectiveness) shows a significant positive correlation with TOTCERT (certifications required), TOTHPC (hiring process challenges), TOTJSOC (job socialization), and TOTLED (leadership development), indicating that better recruitment strategies are associated with higher certifications, better hiring processes, improved onboarding experiences, and greater leadership development opportunities. Similarly, TOTCERT is significantly positively correlated with TOTHPC, TOTJSOC, and TOTLED, suggesting that higher emphasis on qualifications aligns with better recruitment outcomes and employee integration. TOTHPC is strongly correlated with TOTJSOC and TOTLED, implying that an efficient hiring process supports better socialization and leadership development. However, TOTDQ1 (overall recruitment quality) shows no significant correlation with other variables, except a weak negative relationship with TOTJSOC, suggesting that perceptions of recruitment quality are relatively independent from other factors measured. Overall, the results emphasize the interconnectedness of recruitment strategies, qualification emphasis, hiring processes, and employee development, highlighting that improvements in one area are likely to enhance others.



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Correlations										
		TOTDQ1	TOTRST	TOTCERT	TOTHPC	TOTJSOC	TOTLED			
TOTDQ1	Pearson Correlation	1	.131	.024	022	245	040			
	Sig. (2-tailed)		.363	.868	.881	.087	.782			
	Ν	50	50	50	50	50	50			
TOTRST	Pearson Correlation	.131	1	$.308^{*}$.537**	.472**	.461**			
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.363		.029	.000	.001	.001			
	Ν	50	50	50	50	50	50			
TOTCERT	Pearson Correlation	.024	.308*	1	.514**	.398**	.349*			
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.868	.029		.000	.004	.013			
	Ν	50	50	50	50	50	50			
TOTHPC	Pearson Correlation	022	.537**	.514**	1	.489**	.518**			
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.881	.000	.000		.000	.000			
	Ν	50	50	50	50	50	50			
TOTJSOC	Pearson Correlation	245	.472**	.398**	.489**	1	.481**			
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.087	.001	.004	.000		.000			
	Ν	50	50	50	50	50	50			
TOTLED	Pearson Correlation	040	.461**	.349*	.518**	.481**	1			
	Sig. (2-tailed)	.782	.001	.013	.000	.000				
	Ν	50	50	50	50	50	50			

*. Correlation is significant at the 0.05 level (2-tailed).

**. Correlation is significant at the 0.01 level (2-tailed).

Findings

The study found that effective recruitment strategies are closely linked to better hiring practices, stronger employee onboarding (socialization), and enhanced leadership development within organizations. A higher emphasis on candidate certifications was associated with improved hiring outcomes, showing that focusing on qualifications positively impacts recruitment success. Efficient hiring processes were found to significantly support employee adjustment and future growth opportunities. However, overall perceptions of recruitment quality appeared to be relatively independent of other factors. Generally, participants expressed moderately positive views about the recruitment and selection processes, though variations existed, especially concerning leadership development and onboarding experiences, highlighting areas for improvement.

Recommendations

- Organizations should invest in **structured and strategic recruitment processes** that prioritize candidate qualifications and effective hiring practices.
- **Technology adoption**, such as AI-driven tools and data analytics, should be balanced with human oversight to ensure fairness and eliminate bias.
- Emphasis should be placed on **developing holistic onboarding programs** to support better job socialization and leadership growth post-hiring.
- Recruitment processes should be **regularly audited** to ensure alignment with diversity, inclusion, and ethical standards.
- Organizations like computer age management system should **develop long-term metrics** for assessing recruitment success, focusing not only on cost or time-to-hire but also on cultural fit, employee retention, and leadership development.

Limitations

- The study is limited to a single organization and may not fully represent broader industry practices.
- The sample size (n=50) is relatively small, which could limit the generalizability of the findings.
- Self-reported data from surveys can introduce **response bias**, where participants may overstate or understate their experiences.
- The study focuses mainly on internal perceptions without incorporating external recruiter or candidate perspectives.



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V.CONCLUSION

This study highlights the critical role of well-structured recruitment and selection practices in enhancing employee integration, satisfaction, and leadership development. Strategic recruitment methods, supported by the right balance of technology and human oversight, can significantly improve organizational outcomes. Although participants reported generally positive experiences, the findings indicate areas needing attention, particularly in leadership development and onboarding practices. By addressing the identified gaps and following the recommended improvements, organizations like computer age management services can build a more resilient, diverse, and high-performing workforce, better prepared to meet future challenges.

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